PLAGIARISM 101

YOU PLAGIARIZE WHEN YOU QUOTE, PARAPHRASE, PRESENT SOMEONE SUMMARIZE, OR ELSE'S WORK WITHOUT GIVING CREDIT.

It's easy to copy and paste; why not just do it? You might think you're just borrowing, but it's much bigger than that. It's stealing!



presenting the words, ideas, or images of another as one's own" (Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, 2020, p. 21).

The American Psychological Association defines plagiarism as "the act of



Intelligence as their own violate the ASD School Board's Academic Honesty Policy. See the ASD Student Handbook for more information.

Students who lie, cheat, plagiarize, or claim products generated by Artificial

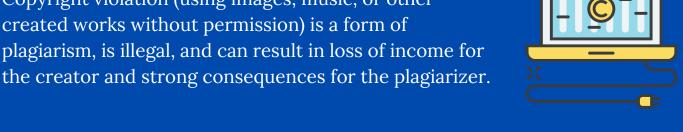
USING IMAGES AND MUSIC - IT'S PLAGIARISM IF YOU:



• Make a video using footage from others' videos or use

• Copy images from websites into your own project

- copyrighted music for your soundtrack • Perform another person's copyrighted music
- Compose a piece of music that borrows heavily from another composition
- YOU MUST GET PERMISSION OR GIVE CREDIT TO THE CREATOR! Copyright violation (using images, music, or other



Turnitin.com* identifies a plagiarism spectrum:

CLONE



FIND/REPLACE

your own.

Submitting another's work, including AI,

word-for-word, as

and phrases but retaining the essential content

Changing key words



CTRL + C

single source, including AI, without alterations **REMIX**

Contains significant

portions of text from a



RECYCLE Borrowing

writer's (your) previous work without citation **MASHUP**

generously from the



HYBRID Combines perfectly cited sources with

copied passages

without citation

Paraphrases from

multiple sources,

made to fit together



multiple sources

Mixes copied

material from

AGGREGATOR Includes proper citations to sources, but the paper



Includes citation to

404 ERROR

non-existent or inaccurate information about sources RETWEET

Includes proper

citation, but relies

too closely on the



contains almost no original work

*Many teachers use Turnitin.com to help you identify plagiarism in your own writing. You upload your rough or final draft to Turnitin.com and will receive a similarity report that you can use to correct your document. Ask your teacher how to access Turnitin.com.



text's original wording and/or

structure

/ CITE: X DO NOT CITE:

TV or video production, database, periodical, computer code, social media, email, or letter

• Words or ideas from any print or

online source including but not

limited to: website, book, song,

• Information gained via personal

interview, whether conducted in person, over the phone, or in writing • Exact words or a unique phrase • Diagrams, illustrations, charts, pictures, or other visual materials that you didn't create

• Digital media, including images,

you repost or reuse

audio, video, or other media that

TIPS TO AVOID PLAGIARISM:

• Your own results obtained through lab or field experiments • Your own artwork, digital

observations, insights, thoughts, and

Your personal experiences,

conclusions about a subject

photographs, video, audio, etc. • Generally-accepted facts (e.g., pollution is bad for the environment) and common knowledge (folklore,

common sense observations, myths,

urban legends, and historical events)

issues if your teacher uses Turnitin.com • Use NoodleTools to help you cite your sources. NoodleTools is an app you can access through your

• Cite sources properly



papers, and FAQs.

turnitin

have questions, or watch an overview <u>here</u>.

• Take careful notes and be a deliberate researcher

• Submit your rough draft in time to correct plagiarism

ASD GoogleDrive. Ask your librarian or teacher if you

• Take time to do your best without rushing and intentionally or unintentionally plagiarizing

RESOURCES:

APA Style Guidelines and the APA Blog: The American Psychological Association has tons of information on plagiarism, APA style, citations, Reference pages, sample

including APA and other style guides, in-text citations, how to format quotations, and sample References pages and research papers.

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